(ख) और (ग) जी, नहीं, 1991-92 में प्राथमिक तथा अपर प्राथमिक स्तरों पर 6 से 11 तथा 11 से 14 आयु वर्ग के कुल नामांकन का अनुपात क्रमश: 126.52% तथा 71.86% था। सरकार तथा स्थानीय निकायों द्वारा चलाए जा रहे स्कूलों में ट्यूशन फीस नहीं ली जाती तथा जो बच्चे औपचारिक स्कूलों में नहीं जा सकते, राज्य सरकार उन्हें अनौपचारिक शिक्षा पद्धति के माध्यम से शिक्षा सुविधाएं प्रदान करती है।

Drop Out Rates among Girls

721. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE : Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) What is the rate of drop outs in the Primary stage, for boys and girls state-wise at present;

(b) how it compares with that of the sixth and seventh Five Year Plan periods;

(c) what are the reasons for higher drop out specially among girls; and

(d) the steps taken by Government to improve the situation?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPTT. OF EDUCATION AND DEPTT. OF CULTURE) (KUMARI SELJA): (a) Details are given in enclosed statement. (*See* below).

(b) In 1980-81, drop out rate was 56.3% and 62.5% for boys and girls respectivley. It has come down to 46.74% and 49.69% for boys and girls respectively in 1988-89.

(c) Children drop out of schools for a number of reasons, the main among them are:

—socio-economic factors;

—inadequately provided schools and insufficient teaching in school;

—perception of curriculum not being related to local needs;

—indifference of parents towards education of children, and particularly girls; and

—indifference of particularly first generation learners leading to non-utilisation of educational facilities available.

(d) The causes leading to drop out being many there is no single programme which if implemented, could lead to a specified reduction in drop out rates. Some of the measures adopted to improve retention of children, particularly girls, have been

—provision of incentives, such as free textbooks, free uniforms, scholarships, mid-day meals etc.;

—community mobilisation to the need for literacy;

—appointment of female teachers;

—provision of day care centres, either near or attached to schools to take care of younger siblings;

—expension of facilities in schools through the scheme of Operation Blackboard; and

—providing a net work of centres for inservice and continuing education of school teachers by establishment of District Institutes of Education and Training.

Statement

Details regarding drop out Rates amongst boys and girls at the primary stage.

S. No.	State/UT.	Classes I—V		
		Boys	Girls	Total
1	2	3	4	5
DROP OUT RATES 1988-89				
1	Andhra Pradesh	51.45	57.54	54.08
2	Arunachal Pradesh	62.32	61.49	62.00
3	Assam	52.20	59.64	55.12
4	Bihar	64.39	70.26	66.34
5	Goa	—	—	—
6	Gujarat	40.27	48.30	43.84
7	Haryana	26.11	30.99	28.13
8	Himachal Pradesh	26.38	27.99	27.12
9	Jammu & Kashmir	50.03	38.16	45.30
10	Karnataka	44.40	55.61	49.70
11	Kerala	3.00	—1.00	—2.00
12	Madhya Pradesh	39.32	42.64	40.62
13	Maharashtra	34.24	44.25	38.91
14	Manipur	70.00	70.82	70.37
15	Meghalaya	28.60	29.53	29.03
16	Mizoram	37.28	38.72	37.98
17	Nagaland	34.81	33.01	33.96
18	Orissa	40.05	37.32	38.97
19	Punjab	29.20	29.62	29.39
20	Rajasthan	53.12	60.75	56.35
21	Sikkim	64.12	58.29	61.61
22	Tamil Nadu	19.16	24.01	21.41
23	Tripura	55.11	56.14	55.58
24	Uttar Pradesh	50.30	48.96	40.89
25	West Bengal	62.57	66.89	64.45
26	A. & N. Islands	13.72	18.69	16.13

1	2	3	4	5
27	Chandigarh	—6.00	7.80	—5.40
28	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	14.13	47.75	40.68
29	Daman & Diu	—13.13	—.40	—3.63
30	Delhi	—6.34	22.73	18.30
31	Lakshadweep	11.55	7.88	—26.71
32	Pondicherry	71.35	—1.05	—3.81
	TOTAL	46.74	49.69	47.93

Development of Sindhudurg Fort in Maharashtra

722. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE : Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the names of forts which are being looked after/maintained by the Archaeological Survey of India;

(b) whether there is any proposal to develop 'Sindhudurg' fort at Malvan (District Sindhudurg, Maharashtra) as a tourist spot;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPTT. OF EDUCATION AND DEPTT. OF CULTURE) (KM. SELJA) : (a) A list of Forts maitained by the Archaeological Survey of India is attached as the Annexure. [*See* Appendix CLXVIII, Annexure No. 12]

(b) and (c) The place is already a tourist spot and the Archaeological Survey of India is maintaining the fort under their annual maintanance programme.

(d) Does not arise.

जिला प्राथमिक शिक्षा कार्यक्रम

724. **श्री मुरलीधर चन्द्रकांत भंडारे :**
श्री राम जेठमलानी :
डा. जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन :

क्या मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि सरकार ने देश में प्राथमिक शिक्षा के विस्तार और विकास हेतु जिला प्राथमिक शिक्षा कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वित करने का निर्णय किया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस कार्यक्रम के कार्यान्वयन हेतु सरकार द्वारा तैयार की गई योजना का ब्यौरा क्या है; और

(ग) इस योजना को कब तक कार्यान्वित किये जाने की संभावना है और इस योजना के कार्यान्वयन पर अनुमानत: कुल कितनी धनराशि व्यय